



Today's Session

- 90 minutes
- Interactive and collaborative
 - Question breaks throughout: To unmute and speak, raise Zoom hand. To type, use Chat.
- Focus: Long term collaborative experiences
 - Less on short term day-to-day collaboration

Learning Outcomes

In this workshop, we will:



Discuss the benefits of having students work and learn collaboratively



Identify strategies for forming groups based on your course learning goals



Consider a range of support resources that can improve group learning experiences and save you time

Collaborative Learning Examples

Problem-based learning

Analyze a case study

Authentic learning

Develop a business plan or an environmental analysis

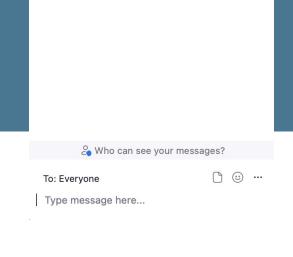
Skills-based projects

Present an analysis of primary sources/evidence

Guided design

Develop a working prototype

CHAT ACTIVITY



Chat

What are some of the benefits of collaborative learning?

Type your ideas in Chat, but <u>do not</u> press enter.

We will all add our comments at the same time.

Benefits of Collaborative Learning

Learning Benefits:

- Better retention
- Better and deeper overall learning (higher order learning)

Social Benefits:

- Increased sense of connection and belonging
- Increased motivation

Process Benefits:

- Communication and teamwork skills
- Modeling for professional environments

Students' Own Voice

*From Fall 2020 Student Learning Experience Survey



MORE GROUP PROJECTS

Students found it valuable to have opportunities to learn collaboratively and interact with peers.



MORE ENGAGEMENT

Students especially appreciate the opportunities to engage with peers real time.



Getting Students Engaged

Assist students in the acceptance and willingness to actively engage in the collaborative experience

Help them to realize how it:

- Aids in achieving course objectives
- Is important for career/field
- Connects to their personal goals
- Is a strength to have multiple perspectives



Getting Students Engaged

Activity Ideas



- Show past group success stories and anecdotes
 - Showcase examples of what was accomplished together
 - Wisdom Wall Activity

Food Science 1101: Final Project



- Journal about a meaningful team experience they've had in the past and why it was successful
 - Write about how they can apply it to this experience.



POLL ACTIVITY

What method have you used to form teams?

Options

- Let students choose their team
- Assign students randomly
- Deliberately create diverse teams
- Other

In the poll window, select your answer with your cursor.

How to Form Teams

Consider the size and number of groups

- Consider what resources you have available, and what students will need, to support their groups
- Consider characteristics of your students
 - What background experiences do they bring?
 - On what factors do you want heterogeneity? On what factors do you want homogeneity?

How to Form Teams

- Variables to consider:
 - Major/discipline
 - Interest and skills
 - Gender
 - Availability
 - Others?



Team Example

Professor Jon Schuldt

Communication

COMM 2760:
"Persuasion and Social
Influence"

Semester Long Project

- Students design and conduct field research project on communication and social influence
- Form groups by interest in research topics
- Interim products include reports on group process
- Some class time allowed for team meetings



Team Example

Professor Nozomi Nishimura

Biomedical Engineering

BME 4110: "Science and Technology Approaches to Problems in Human Health"

Semester Long Project

- Students write original research proposal
- Form groups by student background
 (i.e., must contain engineering/tech and biology/medical
- Regular reports of group process via online survey
- Close faculty support and input at each stage of project
 - Initial Proposal
 - Interim group presentation to course faculty

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Discussion Activity

- Read the given scenario with your group
- Discuss ideas for how you might address this challenge.

- Breakout rooms 8 minutes
- Bring ideas back to main session



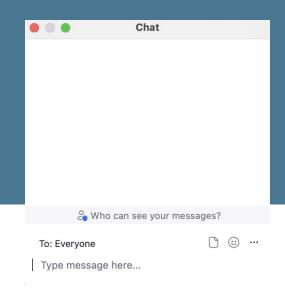
Scenario

Student "1" comes to you to discuss a problem with her 4-person group. According to her, one of the other students, **Student "2"** made it very difficult to complete the work. He didn't contribute much work, and the work he did contribute was so poor that the other members basically had to redo the work. **Student 1** thinks it is unfair that **Student 2** will get the same grade as the other people in the group.

Prompt: Discuss ideas for how you might address this challenge.

8 minutes. Bring ideas back to main session.

CHAT ACTIVITY



What are some other challenges of collaborative learning?

Type your ideas in Chat, but do not press enter.

We will all add our comments at the same time.

Teaching Students to Manage Themselves

Building structure with

Team Contracts

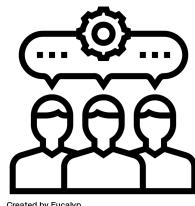


Professor of Practice, Erica Dawson, Graduate School of Management

Team Contracts: Communication

Have students make group decisions about:

- Goals
- Meeting times and location
- How time will be spent together
- Preferred method of communicating
- Tools that will be used
- Timeline to meet deadlines
- Work styles
- Ways they will hold each other accountable



Created by Eucalyp from Noun Project

Assigning roles and responsibilities

Facilitator - moderate discussion, keep on task, distribute work

Recorder - take notes summarizing discussions and decisions

Reporter - serves as the team spokesperson, summarizing activities

Researcher - coordinates any research assignments

Critic - raises constructive objections or counter-arguments



Team Example

Professor Tasha Lewis

Fiber Science and Apparel Design

FSAD 2310: "Fashion Product Management"

Semester Long Project

- Students develop new fashion collection
- Student roles assigned that mirror roles in the industry
- Clear expectations on syllabus (role responsibilities specified)
- Groups must submit agendas and minutes of each meeting to Instructor
- Some class time allowed for group meetings

Managing conflict

- Consider whether you want to have an "opt-out" policy
- Check in early to identify emerging problems
- Assign self and peer assessments
- Encourage groups with issues to refer back to their agreement or contract



Discussion Activity

- Read the given scenario with your group
- Discuss ideas for how you might address this challenge.
 - Breakout rooms 8 minutes
 - Bring ideas back to main session



Scenario

Student A comes to you to discuss a problem with her 5-person group. According to the student, one of the other students, **Student B**, made it very difficult to complete the work. **Student B** appointed himself the head of the group, assigned other people roles, and was unwilling to listen to ideas from other people in the group. Everyone grew frustrated, and now **Student B** is angry that people weren't doing things the way he wanted. **Student A** doesn't know what to do.

Prompt: Discuss ideas for how you might address this challenge.

Bringing it all Together

The student experience:

- What will they learn? How does the group project enrich their learning?
- How will you support their learning? What can you do to help them collaborate effectively?





THANK YOU

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