

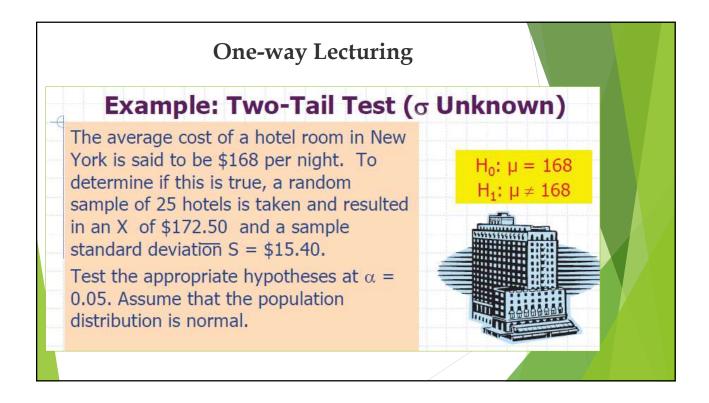
What is ShareStart Approach?

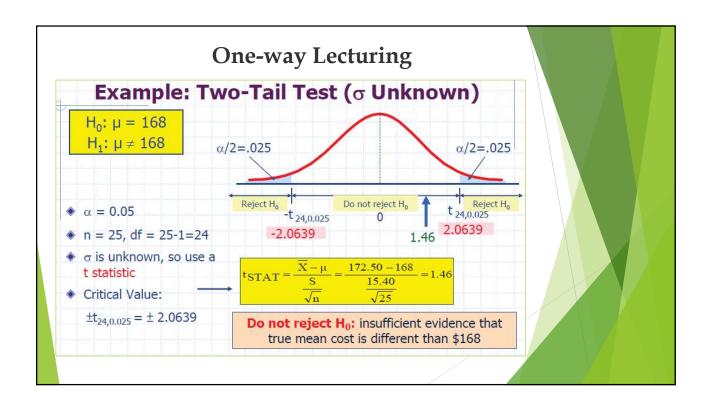
- ShareStart is homophony of the Chinese term "學思達", which means Learning-Thinking-Expressing.
- Developed by Dr. Chang Hui-Cheng (張輝誠老師), a
 Chinese Language Teacher in the Taipei Municipal
 Zhong Shan Girls High School (台北市立中山女子高中),
 Taiwan.

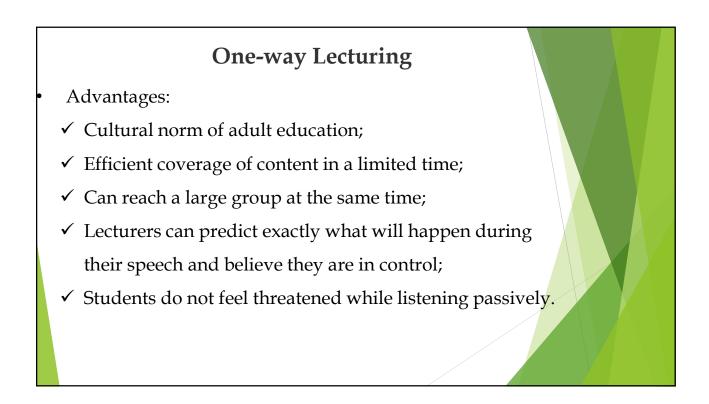


One-way Lecturing

- Traditional one-way lecturing:
 - All the teaching materials (e.g. concepts, theories, model answers of working examples) are provided in PPT, students are listeners only;
 - Another extreme: PPT is too simple and the students spend most of their time taking notes, "Doing Dictation".
 - Lots of online resources (e.g. online teaching videos) may replace us easily.



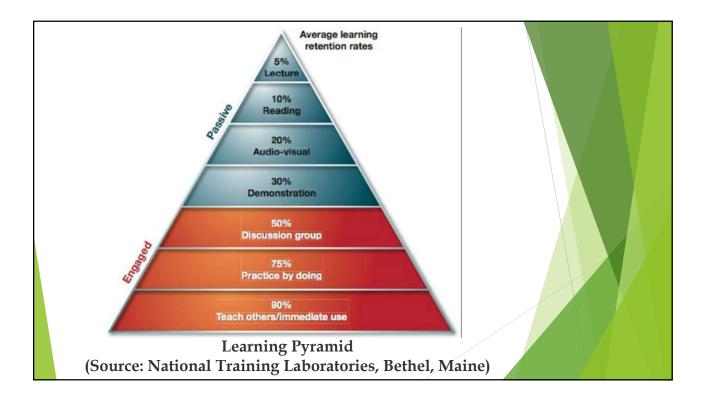




One-way Lecturing

• Disadvantages:

- * Fail to provide feedback of student learning;
- Not ensure students intellectually engaged in materials;
- ★ Students' attention wanes quickly;
- ★ Information tends to be forgotten quickly;
- Presuming all students learn at the same pace and are at the same level of understanding;
- Not suited for teaching higher orders of thinking such as application, analysis, synthesis, or evaluation.



Applying ShareStart Approach

- 1. Learning:
 - Students are required to read the handouts before coming to class;
 - Concepts, definitions, and derivations of formulas are introduced first;
 - Providing sufficient information of basic content.

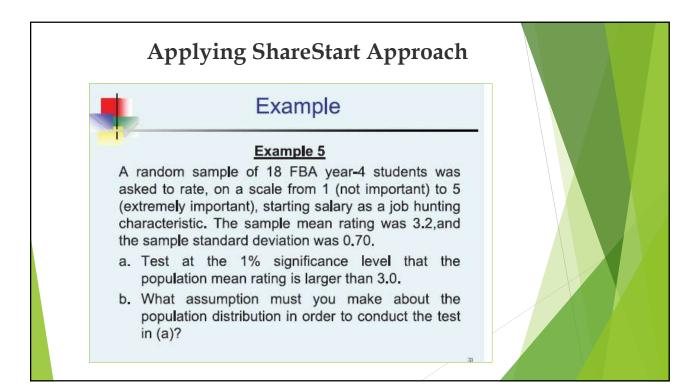
Applying ShareStart Approach

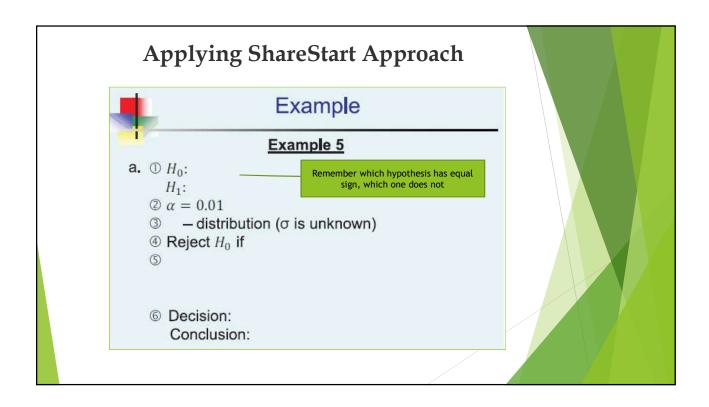
2. Thinking:

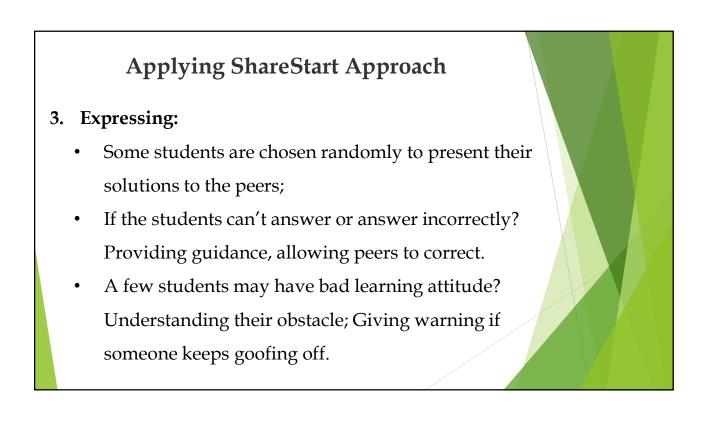
- Solutions to the examples are not given in PPT;
- Students are grouped and attempt solving problems;
- Students do not ask for model answers and they know the teacher is waiting for their answers;
- Observing the students' learning progress;
- Giving instructions but not the answers when needed;
- Practicing has 75% retention rate, according to learning pyramid.

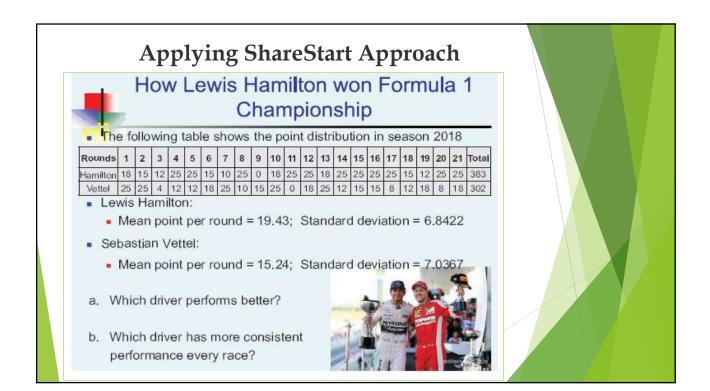
Applying ShareStart Approach

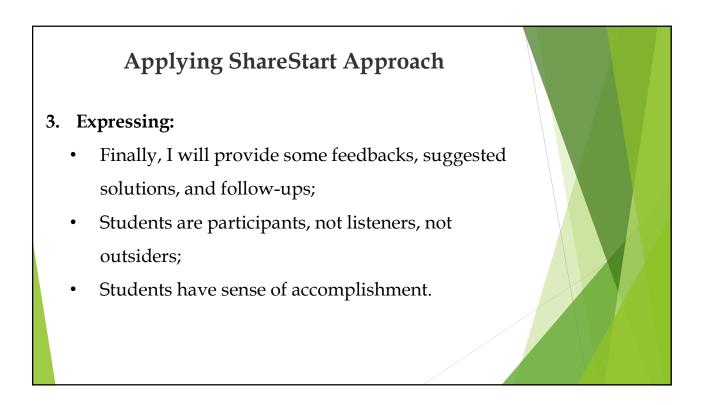
- **Why grouping**?
 - Sharing the learning pressure;
 - Training the corporative and collaborative abilities;
 - Teaching others and immediate use have the highest learning retention rate, according to learning pyramid.











Effects on Students

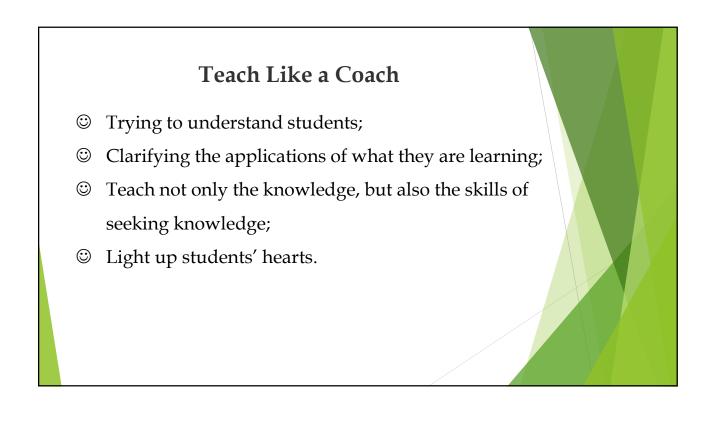
- ් More involvement;
- ♂ Building up students' curiosity;
- Setablishing self-learning ability;
- ♂ Achievement in learning;
- ♂ Confidence in learning and seeking for knowledge.











Excellent Teaching

- × Not only the skills or methods;
- But also caring students, giving them guidance, and sharing our life experience.
- DON'T: regard the students as products, expect there are standardized output produced;
- ✓ DO: every student has his/her particular merit, they like to be discovered and noted.



