

Outline



- Acknowledgements
- Background
- · Some definitions
- Course rationale
- · Course structure
- · How the course works
- · An example
- Initial feedback on the course
- · What next?

Acknowledgments



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Background



- 3-3-4 (New Hong Kong curriculum: 2012)
- Common core curriculum: 30/120 credits of which 6 are taken by the year 1 English for Academic Purposes/Proficiency course
- The nature of HKUST a science and technology university
- HUMA 1000 a humanities course for non-humanities
- 1600 students per academic year
- 800 students per term (3 content streams)
- 2 lecturers, 2 coordinators, 8-10 language instructors, 2 teaching assistants
- Why blended-learning and why for this course?

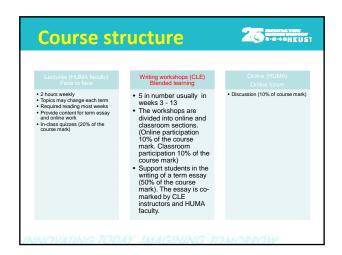
Some definitions



- MOOC
 - Massive
 - Open
 - Online
 - Course
- Blended- learning
 - online and face to face teaching and learning in a blend (coherent, constructive, teleological)
- TEL Technologically Enhanced Learning
- · Networked learning



- To create a transformative humanities learning experience for all freshmen
- To produce a distinct humanistic signature for UST engineering, science and business graduates
- To address the increasingly diverse and international backgrounds of incoming freshmen in terms of secondary education, linguistic proficiency and upbringing
- To set a standard (exemplary model) for broad-based (GE) higher education with the most diverse student body in Hong Kong.



How the course works 1



- You have to teach the course before the content
- The whole course is facilitated via the Canvas LMS, partly online and partly in class
- The course is presented to students as two learning pathways that lead to their composition of a persuasive essay, related to the course content

How the course works 2



- Ways of knowing and understanding; how we claim knowledge
- Introductions and introductory paragraphs
- Argument
- Concluding your essay
- Students write a draft of their final essay which is not graded. This forms the focus of a consultation in workshop 5



- Workshop 1 online
- Workshop 1 classroom
- Workshop 2 online
- Workshop 2 classroom
- Workshop 3 online
- Workshop 3 classroom
- · Workshop 4 online
- Workshop 4 classroom
- Workshop 5 classroom consultations on draft essay

Students' view of the course 25



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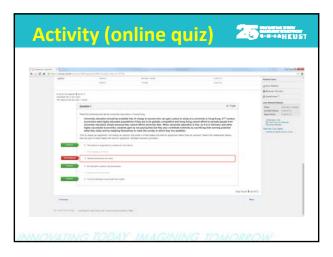
An example



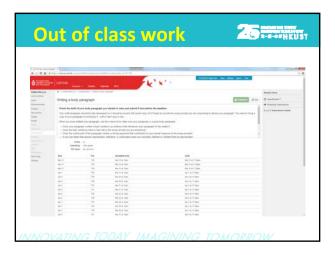
The importance of argument (workshop 3)

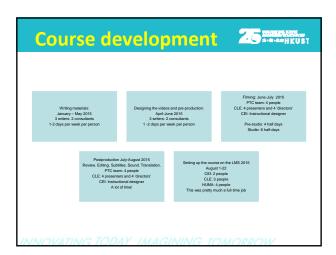
- Video lecture
- Activities (Online quiz)
- Classroom session

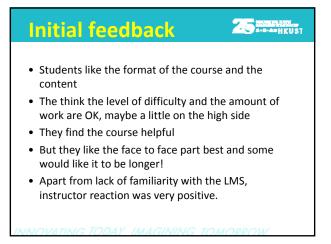












Closing thoughts 1



"In spite of the abundance of publications available on the topic of technology use in FL learning and teaching, the evidence that the technology has made a measureable impact upon FL learning or teaching is quite limited. Existing studies span a wide range in terms of validity and reliability and many do not include measures of outcome data."

Ewa M. Golonka, Anita R. Bowles, Victor M. Frank, Dorna L. Richardson and Suzanne Freynic (2014) Technologies for foreign language learning: a review of technology types and their effectiveness. *Computer Assisted Language Learning*, 27:1, 70-105

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Closing thoughts 2



"I believe, then, that the field of SLA, in general, and CALL, in particular, would extremely benefit from a dialogue between cognitive and socially oriented perspectives."

"...I would like to see the day in which cognitive and socially oriented theories and constructs are used complementarily to inspire and interpret new CALL research of all kinds."

Luis Cerezo. (2015)Theoretical approached to CALL research: Towards a psycholinguistic perspective. In *A Psycholinguistic Approach to Technology and Language Learning* edited by Ronald Leow, Luis Cerezo, Melissa Baralt. De Gruyter Mouton.

Thank you

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